S-235

Skipjack HELEN VIRGINIA

Architectural Survey File

This is the architectural survey file for this MIHP record. The survey file is organized reverse-chronological (that is, with the latest material on top). It contains all MIHP inventory forms, National Register nomination forms, determinations of eligibility (DOE) forms, and accompanying documentation such as photographs and maps.

Users should be aware that additional undigitized material about this property may be found in on-site architectural reports, copies of HABS/HAER or other documentation, drawings, and the "vertical files" at the MHT Library in Crownsville. The vertical files may include newspaper clippings, field notes, draft versions of forms and architectural reports, photographs, maps, and drawings. Researchers who need a thorough understanding of this property should plan to visit the MHT Library as part of their research project; look at the MHT web site (mht.maryland.gov) for details about how to make an appointment.

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Last Updated: 10-02-2003

S-235 HELEN VIRGINIA (skipjack) Wenona, Maryland

HELEN VIRGINIA is a 43.2' long two-sail bateau, or V-bottomed deadrise type of centerboard sloop, commonly referred to as a skipjack. She has a beam of ', a depth of ', and a gross registered tonnage of 10.25. She carries a typical skipjack rig of jib-headed mainsail and a single large jib with a club on its foot. Built in 1948 in Crisfield, Maryland following traditional Bay design and construction methods, HELEN VIRGINIA is significant as being one of the 35 surviving traditional Chesapeake Bay skipjacks and a member of the last commercial sailing fleet in the United States. HELEN VIRGINIA is of special interest for having been built during the post World War II revival of skipjack building for the working oyster fleet.

Magi No.

Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

DOE __yes _xno

CHESAPEAKE BAY SKIPJACK FLEET THEMATIC GROUP

1. Nan	ne (in	dicate pref	erred name)		,
historic HEL	EN VIRGINIA				
and/or common	ı				
2. Loc	ation			·	
street & numbe	r	Lower Tho	rofare	n/	a not for publication
city, town	enona		n/a_vicinity of	congressional district	First
state	aryland	024	county	Somerset 039	
3. Clas	ssificat	tion			
Category district building(s) structure site object	both Public Acq in proce being c		Status x occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agricultureX commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific X transportation other:
4. Owi	ner of I	roper	y (give names a	nd mailing addresse	es of <u>all</u> owners)
name C	aptain Jack	Parkinson			
street & numbe	1			telephone n	784-2217 o.:
city, town	Wenona		state	and zip code Maryl	and 21870
	ation o	f Lega	l Descripti	on	
courthouse, reg	istry of deeds,	etc.	n/a		liber
street & numbe	r				folio
city, town				state	
6. Rep	resent	ation i	n Existing	Historical Surv	veys
title		Survey of	Surviving Traditi	onal Chesapeake Bay	y Craft
date	<u> </u>	1983-1984		federal X sta	te county local
depository for s	survey records	Maryland	Historical Trust,		
city, town		ANNAPOLIS		state	MD 21401

7. Description

Survey No. S-235

good ruins altered moved date of move	Condition excellent good fair	ruins	Check one unaltered X altered	Check one n/a original s	site date of move	n/a
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Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

This vessel is a 43.2'-long two-sail bateau, or V-bottomed deadrise type of centerboard sloop, commonly referred to as a skipjack. She was built in 1948 in Crisfield, Maryland for the oyster dredging fleet. He beam is approximately one-third her overall length, following traditional dredgeboat design and she has a gross registered tonnage of 10.25 tons. The vessel is built in typical Bay fashion using cross-planked construction methods. She flies a typical skipjack rig consisting of jib-headed mainsail and a large jib. The vessel has a longhead or clipper bow and a square stern. The wooden hull is painted the traditional white.

HELEN VIRGINIA has a straight, almost plumb stem with an added longhead. Her lines show very little freeboard aft. She is square-sterned with a slightly raking transom. The transom has a rudder mounted on it with pintles and a jig for the pushboat to starboard of the rudder. There are long guards on the hull to protect the sides from the bumping of the dredges.

The single mast is of natural wood, set up with double shrouds adjusted by means of turnbuckles, and a forestay and jibstay. There is a topping lift leading to the end of the boom, which is jawed to the mast. The sails have lazyjacks for easier furling. The mainsail is jib-headed and laced to the boom. The large jib has a club on its foot. The bowsprit, painted white but bright at the end, is set up with double chain bobstays and cable bowsprit shrouds. There are wooden braces leading from the longhead back to the hull. In addition to the sail rig the vessel carries a motorized pushboat suspended over the stern on davits.

The skipjack is flush-decked, with an unusual deck arrangement. A box with steering gear and a wheel is located near the after-rail; forward of this is a low hatch and a tall box over the winder engine. The main cabin trunk with its slide is located just abaft the mast. There is a solid lograil forward and a short pinrail aft. The rails are open at the rollers amidships where the dredges are brought in. Other gear includes oyster dredging equipment—dredges, winders, and winder engines.

The vessel is painted white with red trim running along the braces leading out to the longhead. Trailboards mounted on the longhead have the name HELEN VIRGINIA in gold on a dark green ground with a red-white-and-blue motif of flag, shields, and scrolled vines and leaves. The name is also painted on the lograil at the bows.

o. Sign	incance	Survey No.	S-235	
Period prehistoric 1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 1700-1799 1800-1899 X 1900-	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture architecture art commerce communications		ng landscape architectu law literature military music	science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater
Specific dates	1948	Builder/Architect	Unknown	
Appl:	icable Criteria: x_A nd/or icable Exception:	ABCD		

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

This vessel is significant as being one of the 35 surviving traditional Chesapeake Bay skipjacks and a member of the last commercial sailing fleet in the United States. Out of a fleet of hundreds of skipjacks that worked Bay waters in the early years of this century, today only this small number remain to carry on the tradition of working sail.

The skipjack evolved as a distinct type of Bay vessel in the 1890's as a cheaper-to-construct alternative to the earlier bugeyes and other traditional framed craft, in a period when shipbuilding costs were rising and the oyster catch was diminishing. The type was devised by enlarging (to 25 to 60 feet) the hull of the ordinary, unframed, square-sterned Bay crabbing skiff, and giving it a deadrise bottom, a-deck, a cabin, and a sloop rig. The result—with its unframed, hard chine, cross—planked, V-bottom—proved inexpensive to build, easy to repair, and could be constructed by a competent house carpenter. Skipjacks were specifically designed as oyster dredge boats, with wide beams and low freeboard lending stability and providing a large working space on deck. The single masted rig, with sharp—headed mainsail and large jib, was easy to handle, powerful in light winds, and handy in coming about quickly for another pass over the oyster beds.

The Maryland oyster season begins November 1 and ends March 15. Skipjacks must dredge under sail on all days except Mondays and Tuesdays, when they are allowed to use their motorized pushboat for dredging. The pushboat, normally carried on davits at the stern, is lowered into the water and literally "pushes" the skipjack along from behind, the nose of the pushboat resting against a "jig" on the stern of the skipjack. The pushboat can also legally be used to get the skipjack to and from the oyster beds each day. Each skipjack's crew is made up of the captain, who is often also the owner, and five crew members.

HELEN VIRGINIA is of interest as having been built during the post World War II revival of skipjack building for the working oyster fleet. She was built in 1948 in Crisfield, Md., following traditional Bay design and construction methods. She has worked in the oyster-dredging fleet since her building and is presently based at Deal Island. The vessel is one of ten skipjacks built after World War II during a boom in the oyster business, all of which are still active except for the ROSIE PARKS (now at the Chesapeake Bay Maritime Museum). It is of great interest that even though these vessels were built over fifty years after the peak-skipjack-building years, their design and construction methods closely followed turn-of-the-century prototypes.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Survey No. S-235

See Thematic Group nomination cover form, Continuation Sheets No. 8-13.

10. 0	eographica	l Data			•		
Quadrangle	nominated property less name Deal Island name do NOT complete	, MD			Quadrang	le scale 1:24000	-
	41/16/81710 412/2 Easting Northing	0/2/4/9	B Zone	Eas	sting	Northing Northing	
C E G			D F _ <u>+</u> H				
Verbal boundary description and justification This working vessel is usually docked at the location indicated in Item 2. Historic boundaries are coterminous with the hull.							
List all sta	tes and counties for pro	perties overla	pping state or	count	y boundaries		
state n/a		code	county			code	
state		code	county			code	
11. F	orm Prepare	ed By					
name/title	Anne Witty/ M.						
organization	Radcliffe Mari Maryland Histo			date	May, 198	4	
street & num	ber 201 West Monu	ment Stree	et	teleph	one (301)	685-3750	
: city or town	Baltimore			state	Maryland	21201	

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to: Maryland Historical Trust

Shaw House 21 State Circle

Annarrlis, Maryland 21401

(30. 269-2438

Survey No. S-235

Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

Magi No. 2002355833

4 11			·	
1. Nam	16 (indicate pr	eferred name)		
historic HELI	EN VIRGINIA			
and/or common				
2. Loca	ation			
street & number	r			_ not for publication
city, town	enona	vicinity of	congressional district	
state Ma	aryland	county	Somerset	
3. Clas	sification			
Category district building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered not applicable	Status x occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agricultureX commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific x transportation other:
4. Owr	er of Prope	rty (give names a	nd mailing addresses	of <u>all</u> owners)
name Ca	aptain Jack Parkins	on		
street & number			telephone no	.: 784-2217
city, town	Wenona	state	and zip code Maryla	nd 21870
5. Loca	ation of Leg	al Description	on	
courthouse, reg	istry of deeds, etc.			liber
street & number		·		folio
city, town			state	
6. Rep	resentation	in Existing	Historical Surve	eys
title				
date			federal state	county loca
pository for s	urvey records			
city, town			state	

7. Description

Survey No. S-235

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8. Sign	nificance	Survey No.	S-235	
Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 X 1900–	archeology-historic agriculture architecture	• •	ng landscape architectur law literature military music	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater x transportation other (specify)
Specific date:	1948	Builder/Architect	Unknown	
App	licable Criteria: _A and/or licable Exception: el of Significance: _	A _B _C _D		

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

This vessel is significant as being one of the 36 surviving traditional Chesapeake Bay skipjacks and a member of the last commercial sailing fleet in the United States. Out of a fleet of hundreds of skipjacks that worked Bay waters in the early years of this century, today only this small number remain to carry on the tradition of working sail.

The skipjack evolved as a distinct type of Bay vessel in the 1890's as a cheaper-to-construct alternative to the earlier bugeyes and other traditional framed craft, in a period when shipbuilding costs were rising and the oyster catch was diminishing. The pe was devised by enlarging (to 25 to 60 feet) the hull of the ordinary, unframed, square-sterned Bay crabbing skiff, and giving it a deadrise bottom, a-deck, a cabin, and a sloop rig. The result--with its unframed, hard chine, cross-planked, V-bottom--proved inexpensive to build, easy to repair, and could be constructed by a competent house carpenter. Skipjacks were specifically designed as oyster dredge boats, with wide beams and low freeboard lending stability and providing a large working space on deck. The single masted rig, with sharp-headed mainsail and large jib, was easy to handle, powerful in light winds, and handy in coming about quickly for another pass over the oyster beds.

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er fifty years after the peakeskipjack-building years, their design and construction methods closely followed turn-of-the-century prototypes.

Major Bibliographical References S-235 Survey No. Robert Burgess, Chesapeake Sailing Craft, Part I (Cambridge, Md: Tidewater Publishers, 1975) Howard I. Chapelle, Chesapeake Bay Skipjacks (St. Michaels, Md: CBMM, n.d.) **Geographical Data** Acreage of nominated property . Quadrangle name Quadrangle scale. **UTM References** do NOT complete UTM references Zone Verbal boundary description and justification List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries state code county code code state county code Form Prepared By name/title Anne Witty/ M.E. Hayward organization Maryland Historical Society date 5/84

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telephone 685-3750

Maryland 21201

state

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Maryland Historical Trust

Shaw House

201 W. Monument St.

Baltimore

21 State Circle

Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 269-2438

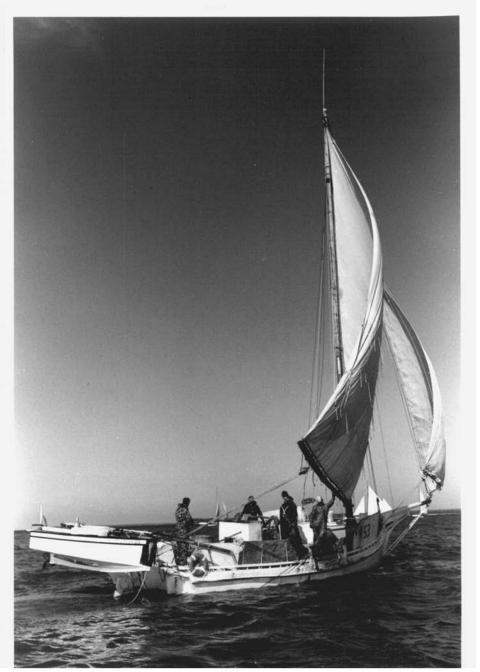




S-235 HELEN VIRGINIA Wenona, Md bow 10/83 M. C. Wootton



S - 235HELEN VIRGINIA Wenona, Md stern 10/83 M.C. Wootton



S - 235

HELEN VIRGINIA Wenona, Md

starboard stern under sail M.C. Wootton 11/83